















Artificial Intelligence: Engineering Education, Engineering Practice and Al's Ethical Use

ACEC-L

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Engineering Ethics

ACEC (Indiana) Code of Ethics Preamble

Consulting engineering is an important and learned profession. The members of the profession recognize that their work has a direct and vital impact on the quality of life for all people. Accordingly, the services provided by consulting engineers require honesty, impartiality, fairness and equity and must be dedicated to the protection of the public health, safety and welfare. In the practice of their profession, consulting engineers must perform under a standard of professional behavior which requires adherence to the highest principles of ethical conduct on behalf of the public, clients, employees and the profession

Engineering Ethics

ACEC-I's Code of Ethics

Consulting Engineers, in the fulfillment of their professional duties shall:

- 1. Hold paramount the safety, health and welfare of the public in the performance of their professional duties.
- 2. Perform services only in areas of their competence.
- 3. Issue public statements only in an objective and truthful manner.
- 4. Act in professional matters for each client as faithful agents or trustees.
- 5. Avoid improper solicitation of professional assignments

Engineering Ethics

ASCE's Code of Ethics



ASCE Code of Ethics PREAMBLE



Preamble

Members conduct themselves with integrity and professionalism, and above all else protect and advance the health, safety, and welfare of the public

Fundamental Principles



#1

Members create safe, resilient, and sustainable infrastructure

Fundamental Principles



#2

Members treat all persons with respect, dignity, and fairness in a manner that fosters equitable participation without regard to personal identity

Fundamental Principles



#3

Members consider the current and anticipated needs of society

Fundamental Principles



#4

Members utilize their knowledge and skills to enhance the quality of life for humanity

Fundamental Principles



In order of priority

- 1. Society
- 2. Natural & Built Environment
- 3. Profession
- 4. Clients & Employers
- 5. Peers

Fundamental Principles



Society

Protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public; enhance the quality of life for humanity; express professional opinions truthfully; have zero tolerance for bribery, fraud, and corruption; endeavor to be of service in civic affairs; treat all persons with respect, dignity, and fairness; consider diverse historical, social, and cultural needs of the community; consider the capabilities, limitations, and implications of current and emerging technologies; report misconduct to the appropriate authorities to protect public

Fundamental Principles



Natural & Built Environment

Adhere to the principles of sustainable development; consider and balance societal, environmental, and economic impacts, along with opportunities for improvement; mitigate adverse societal, environmental, and economic effects; and use resources wisely while minimizing resource depletion

Fundamental Principles



Profession

Uphold the honor, integrity, and dignity of the profession; practice engineering in compliance with all legal requirements in the jurisdiction of practice; represent their professional qualifications and experience truthfully; reject practices of unfair competition; promote mentorship and knowledge-sharing equitably with current and future engineers; educate the public on the role of civil engineering in society; and continue professional development to enhance technical and non-technical competencies.

Fundamental Principles



Clients & Employers

Act as faithful agents of their clients and employers with integrity and professionalism; make clear to clients and employers any real, potential, or perceived conflicts of interest; communicate in a timely manner to clients and employers any risks and limitations related to their work; present clearly and promptly the consequences to clients and employers if their engineering judgment is overruled where health, safety, and welfare of the public may be endangered; keep clients' and employers' identified proprietary information confidential; perform services only in areas of their competence; and approve, sign, or seal only work products that have been prepared or reviewed by them or under their responsible charge.

Fundamental Principles



Peers

Only take credit for professional work they have personally completed; provide attribution for the work of others; foster health and safety in the workplace; promote and exhibit inclusive, equitable, and ethical behavior in all engagements with colleagues; act with honesty and fairness on collaborative work efforts; encourage and enable the education and development of other engineers and prospective members of the profession; supervise equitably and respectfully; comment only in a professional manner on the work, professional reputation, and personal character of other engineers; and report violations of the Code of Ethics to ASCE.



Intelligence and Artificial Intelligence

What is the difference?

Intelligence



Intelligence



Oxford Dictionary (Safari/Oxford Dictionary)

the ability to learn, understand and think in a logical way

Intelligence: what it isn't...

- All but the simplest human behavior is ascribed to intelligence, while even the most complicated insect behavior is usually not.
- Consider the behavior of the digger wasp. When the female wasp returns to her burrow with food, she first deposits it on the threshold, checks for intruders inside her burrow, and only then, if the coast is clear, carries her food inside. If the food is moved a few inches away from the entrance to her burrow while she is inside: on emerging, she will repeat the whole procedure as often as the food is displaced.
- Intelligence—conspicuously absent in the case of Sphex—must include the ability to adapt to new circumstances.





Oxford Dictionary (Safari)

the theory and development of computer systems able to perform tasks normally requiring human intelligence (such as visual perception, decision-making and translation between languages)



Encyclopedia Britannica (Safari) Policy

the ability of a digital computer to perform tasks commonly associated with intelligent beings (endowed with the intellectual processes characteristic of humans, such as the ability to reason, discover meaning, generalize, or learn from past experiences)

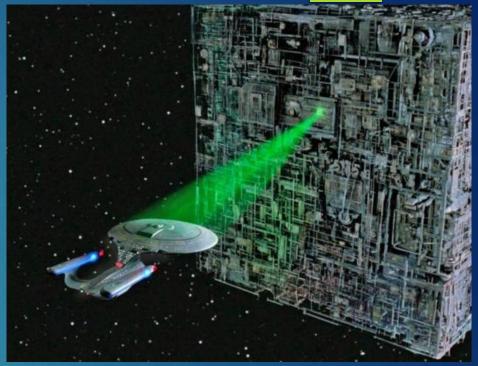


▶ IEEE (Safari) from IEEE Global Public Policy

the theory and development of computer systems able to perform tasks normally requiring human intelligence (such as visual perception, speech recognition, learning, decision-making and natural language processing)

Types of Artificial Intelligence

- Artificial Narrow Intelligence (WEAK AI)
 - Solves a single problem very well
 - Current status: Generative Artificial Intelligence
- Artificial General Intelligence (STRONG AI)
 - Still theoretical
 - ▶ Al is at human-level
 - ▶ Thousands of ANI working in tandem
 - Complexity beyond today's computing capability
- Artificial Super Intelligence
 - Surpasses all human capabilities
 - ▶ AGI would (?) self-improve to this level





Types of Artificial Intelligence

Artificial Narrow Intelligence (ANI)



Stage-1

Machine Learning

 Specialises in one area and solves one problem







Artificial General Intelligence (AGI)



Stage-2

Machine Intelligence

Refers to a computer that is as smart as a human across the board Artificial Super Intelligence (ASI)



Stage-3

Machine Consciousness

 An intellect that is much smarter than the best human brains in practically every field

A.I. TIMELINE











1950

TURING TEST

Computer scientist Alan Turing proposes a test for machine intelligence. If a machine can trick humans into thinking it is human, then it has intelligence

1955

A.I. BORN

Term 'artificial intelligence' is coined by computer scientist, John McCarthy to describe "the science and engineering of making intelligent machines"

1961

UNIMATE

First industrial robot, Unimate, goes to work at GM replacing humans on the assembly line

1964

ELIZA

Pioneering chatbot developed by Joseph Weizenbaum at MIT holds conversations with humans

1966

SHAKEY

The 'first electronic person' from Stanford, Shakey is a generalpurpose mobile robot that reasons about its own actions

A.I.

WINTER

Many false starts and dead-ends leave A.I. out in the cold

1997

DEEP BLUE

Deep Blue, a chessplaying computer from IBM defeats world chess champion Garry Kasparov

1998

KISMET

Cynthia Breazeal at MIT introduces KISmet, an emotionally intelligent robot insofar as it detects and responds to people's feelings

















1999

AIBO

Sony launches first consumer robot pet dog autonomous robotic AiBO (Al robot) with skills and personality that develop over time

2002

ROOMBA

First mass produced vacuum cleaner from iRobot learns to navigate interface, into the and clean homes

2011

Apple integrates Siri, an intelligent virtual assistant with a voice iPhone 4S

2011

WATSON

IBM's question answering computer Watson wins first place on popular \$1M prize television quiz show Jeopardy

2014

EUGENE

Eugene Goostman, a chatbot passes the Turing Test with a third of judges believing Eugene is human

2014

ALEXA

Amazon launches Alexa, an intelligent virtual assistant with a voice interface that completes inflammatory and shopping tasks

2016

TAY

Microsoft's chatbot Tay goes roque on social media making offensive racist comments

2017

ALPHAGO

Google's A.I. AlphaGo beats world champion Ke Jie in the complex board game of Go, notable for its vast number (2170) of possible positions

Advantages/Disadvantages of Al

Advantages

- Reduces human error
- Automates repetitive work
- Smoothly handles Big Data
- Provides digital assistance 24/7
- Performs perilous tasks
- Facilitates faster decisions
- Unbiased decisions (?)

Disadvantages/Risks

- Less creative/innovative in challenging situations
- Replaces humans in jobs
- Difficult to implement ethics
- Reduction of human capabilities after long-term use
- Can not understand emotions

Super Al risks: Elon Musk and other tech leaders urge an Al pause – cite danger to society

Artificial Intelligence, technology and innovation – eventually will make some things obsolete

Concerns: Humans Replaced by

Machines









- Coders, data analysts
- Paralegals
- Accountants
- Journalists, tech writers
- Financial analysts
- Traders
- Market research analysts
- Graphic designers
- Customer service reps
- Teachers

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ChatGPT (Generative Pretrained

Transformer)



- Massive language model
- Developed by OpenAl
 - Free and easy to use
 - Debuted in Nov 2022
- Trained to
 - Give human-like chat responses
 - Write essays
 - Make spreadsheet formulas
 - Write code
- Can't create a PowerPoint

Banning of ChatGPT Use

Companies

- Amazon
- Apple
- Bank of America
- Citigroup
- Goldman Sachs
- iHeartRadio
- JPMorgan Chase
- Northrop Grumman Corporation
- Samsung
- Verizon
- Wells Fargo

Schools

K-12 Systems

- NYC public schools
- Los Angeles Unified School District
- Baltimore County Public Schools
- Many more

<u>Universities</u>

- Paris' Science PO University
- India's RV University

US Universities

- Most creating policies
- Up to the instructor

Artificial Intelligence: Use in Education

Al in Engineering Education – Different Professor's Perspectives

- ▶ Ignorance is Bliss
 - Make no changes
- Resistance is Futile
 - ▶ Ban the use of Al in your courses
 - Use tools to ascertain when students use AI, and thus cheating
- Embrace the Unknown
 - Incorporate the use of Al in your classroom
 - Establish clear rules where its use is not acceptable







Al in Engineering Education - Cons

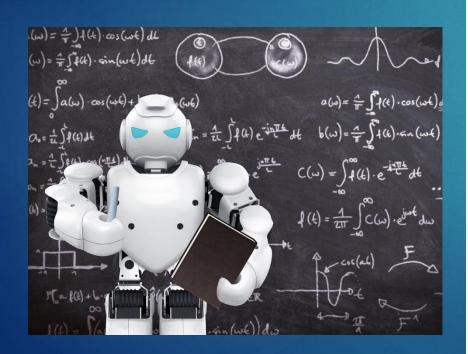


Sometimes it repeats conspiracy theories or lies outright

- Lack of academic integrity
- Provides inaccurate information "hallucinations"
- Responses are biased
 - Trained using a dataset that has bias
- Limited knowledge
 - Trained on lots of current data which may not cover niche areas or new developments
- Lack of emotional intelligence
 - Can not empathize with students or perceive emotions
 - Can not recognize a struggling student and provide emotional support

hurixdigital

Advantages of ChatGPT Use in Higher Education





Three ChatGPT uses at UM-Dearborn

- Use practice-based pedagogy (so that there's only so much a chatbot can do)
 - Design a course that requires students to
 - Create and record an original podcast or video
 - Design and build [a machine or structure] (an educational toy for kids, etc)
- Require use of ChatGPT
 - Design a simple mobile app that interacts with a web-based API

Some aspects of programming are just plain tedious and thankless work (reading the documentation to see how the data is organized, formulating the proper HTTP request, and parsing the response to get the desired). Using AI to free up programmers to work on the more interesting and advanced aspects of software development makes the student programmers a lot more productive

Artificial Intelligence: Use in Practice

ChatGPT: as an Engineering Tool

Creative Brainstorming

- May help you generate new ideas, break through creative blocks, and provide fresh perspectives
- Quick Responses to Complex Technical Problems
 - May help with engineering challenges that require immediate attention - ask targeted questions and receive rapid solutions
- Concept Comparisons
 - May provide unbiased comparisons to help you evaluate the pros and cons of multiple options, laying out the benefits and drawbacks side-by-side
- Code Development
 - Write or modify code quickly

ChatGPT: as an Engineering Tool

- Generating Product Descriptions and Technical Documentation
 - May assist you in creating detailed product descriptions, user manuals, and technical documents that are clear and concise
- Analysis of Unstructured Data
 - May help you analyze this massive amounts of unstructured data quickly and efficiently by extracting valuable insights and identifying patterns or trends
- Self-Service Capabilities
 - Allow colleagues and clients to ask questions and receive answers without your direct involvement, freeing up your precious time and enabling you to focus on the more critical aspects of your work

Artificial Intelligence: Who is using it?

Time article Jan 2023: Survey of Users



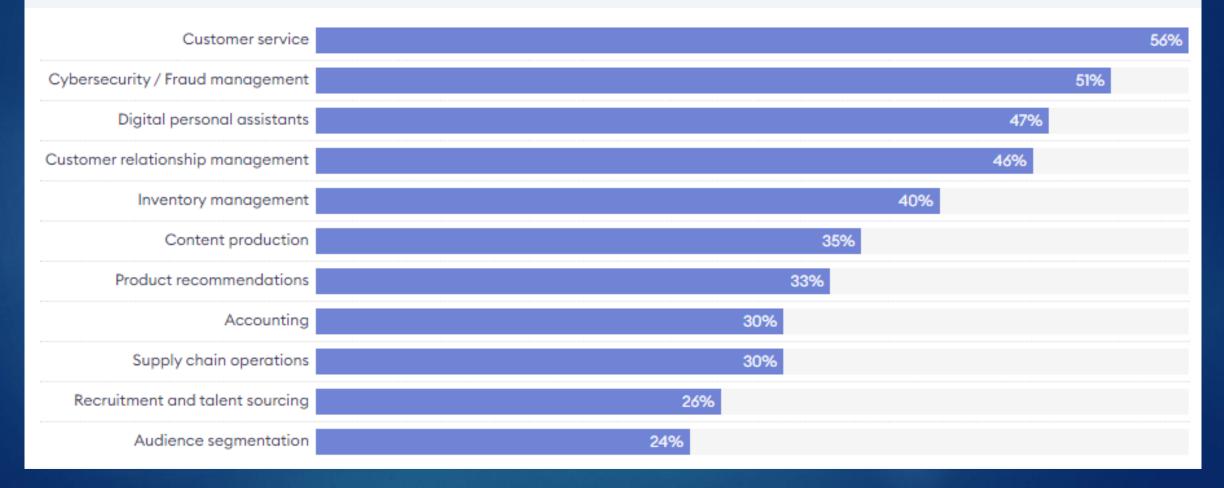
"I use it every day. It has changed my life. And my staffing plan for 2023."

- Fishbowl (a social platform owned by employer review site Glassdoor)
 - Survey of 4500 professionals (Amazon, Bank of America, Google, JP Morgan, Twitter (now X), Meta, etc)
- 30% have used ChatGPT or other Al
 - Marketing professionals: 37%
 - ► Tech workers: 35%
 - Consultants: 30%
- To draft emails, generate ideas, write and troubleshoot bits of code and summarize research or meeting notes

Forbes article April 2023

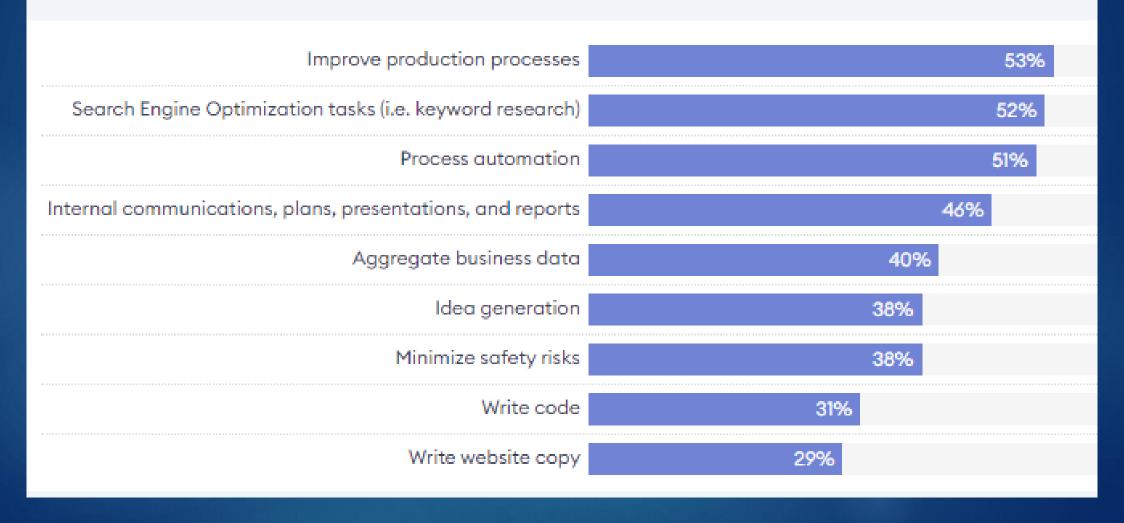
Top Ways Business Owners Use Artificial Intelligence

Forbes Advisor surveyed business owners to find out how they currently use or plan to use AI within their business



Forbes article April 2023

Internal Processes Business Owners Use AI to Improve



Reported exposure to generative Al tools, % of respondents

Select demographic By industry Regularly use for work Regularly use for work and outside of work Regularly use outside of work Have tried at least once Don't know No exposure Advanced industries 16 47 Business, legal, and 41 2 13 21 professional services Consumer goods/retail 12 40 26 4 Energy and materials 50 3 Financial services 41 18 Healthcare, pharma, 10 44 and medical products Technology, media, and 37 19 telecom

McKinsey Global Survey August 2023

Generative Al-related risks that organizations consider relevant and are working to mitigate, % of respondents¹



'Asked only of respondents whose organizations have adopted AI in at least 1 function. For both risks considered relevant and risks mitigated, n = 913. Source: McKinsey Global Survey on AI, 1,684 participants at all levels of the organization, April 11–21, 2023

Brave New World: Opportunities

Prompt Engineer



The Role

- Work with cross-functional teams to discuss product development
- Identify uses of AI tools
- Design, develop and refine Al-generated text prompts

Background

- Bachelor's degree in Computer
 Science or Machine Learning or a related field
- Additional certifications recommended

Skills

- Excellent knowledge of natural language processing
- Knowledge of machine learning
- Comprehensive knowledge of Al-generated content development

Salary

Junior: \$ 280,000 Average: \$ 327,000 Senior: \$ 375,000

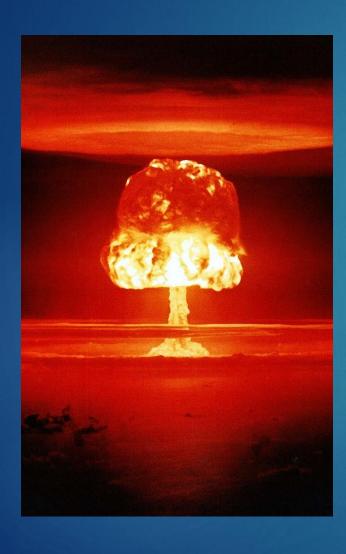
- New jobs
- New degree programs

Example:

Prompt Engineers

- 1. Take Input (prompt)
- 2. Use a Language Model
- 3. To get Output (generated text)

Ethical Concerns



- Students:
 - Plagiarizing/Cheating
 - Downgrading of fundamental needed capabilities and capacities
- Practitioners:
 - Not fact checking
 - Over-relying on AI stymies innovation
- Government/Business
 - Regulating AI has lagged development and use
 - Risking proprietary information

ULTIMATELY negatively impacting the internet's knowledge base

What should you do?

It depends!

- Students
 - ▶ Learn how to use this tool wisely
 - Verify allowed use for each course
- Professors
 - ▶ Learn how to use this tool wisely
 - Incorporate this tool in your coursework with intention
- Practicing engineers
 - ▶ Learn how to use this tool wisely
 - Verify allowed use in your firm
- Engineering Firm managers/owners
 - ▶ Learn how to use this tool wisely
 - ▶ Develop/disseminate policies on Al use







QUESTIONS?